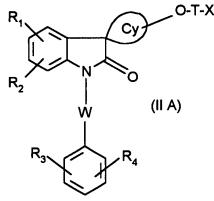
- (Amended) Process for the preparation of a compound of formula (I) according to [any one of] Claim[s] 1 [to 5 and 7], characterized in that:
  - (1) either when Z = NR11R12, in which R11 and R12 are as defined for (1):

(1a) when at least one of the  $R_{11}$  and  $R_{12}$  radicals is different from hydrogen, a compound of formula:

Ĩ



in which R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, W, Cy and T are as defined for (I) and in which X is a halogen or a sulphonic acid derivative is reacted with a derivative of formula ZH in a solvent selected from dimethylformamide, tetrahydrofuran or acetonitrile, at temperatures of between 0° and 120°C;

- (1b) when  $R_{11}$  and  $R_{12} = H$ , the compound (IIA), in which X is an azido, is reduced to amino;
  - (2) or, when Z = -COOH, a compound of formula:

in which R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, W, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> and Cy are as defined for (I) and T' represents T-CH<sub>2</sub>-, is oxidized in an acid solvent at a temperature of between 0°C and 100°C, alkali metal dichromates or alkali metal or alkaline-earth metal permanganates;

(3) or a compound of formula:



T820X

in which R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, Cy, T and Z are as defined for (I), is reacted with a compound of formula:

-1821 X

$$Hal-W \longrightarrow \begin{array}{c} R_3 \\ R_4 \end{array}$$

in which W, R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are as defined for (I) and Hal represents a halogen atom, in an anhydrous solvent in the presence of a metal hydride or an alkali metal alkoxide at temperatures of between -40° and 25°C;

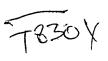
(4) or, when Z = -COOH, a compound of formula:

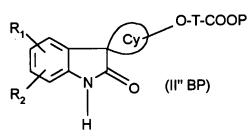
in which R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> and Cy are as defined above for (I) and T' represents T-CH<sub>2</sub>, is oxidized [to (I)], then the acid thus obtained of formula:

7823×

in which R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, Cy and T are as defined above for (I), is subsequently optionally protected by a protective group for the carboxylic acid, in order to obtain the intermediate of formula:







O'cont

in which R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, Cy and T are as defined for (I) and P represents a protective group chosen from an alkyl, a *tert*-butyl or a benzyl, and, finally, this compound (II"BP) is subjected to the action of a derivative of formula (2) in order to obtain, after deprotection, a compound (I); one of its quaternary ammoniums, oxides, sulphones or salts.

(Amended) Pharmaceutical composition according to [any one of] Claim[s] (to 14] also containing another active principle.

## Please add the following new claims:

A method for the treatment of diseases in which the vasopressin and/or oxytocin receptor is involved which comprises administering to a patient in need of such treatment an effective amount of a compound according to claim 1.--

A method for the treatment of diseases in which the vasopressin and/or oxytocin receptor is involved which comprises administering to a patient in need of such treatment an effective amount of a compound according to claim 2.--

-21. A method for the treatment of diseases in which the vasopressin and/or oxytocin receptor is involved which comprises administering to a patient in need of such treatment an effective amount of a compound according to claim 3.--

--22. A method for the treatment of diseases in which the vasopressin and/or oxytocin receptor is involved which comprises administering to a patient in need of such treatment an effective amount of a compound according to claim 4.--

A method for the treatment of diseases in which the vasopressin and/or oxytocin receptor is involved which comprises administering to a patient in need of such treatment an effective amount of a compound according to claim 5.--



